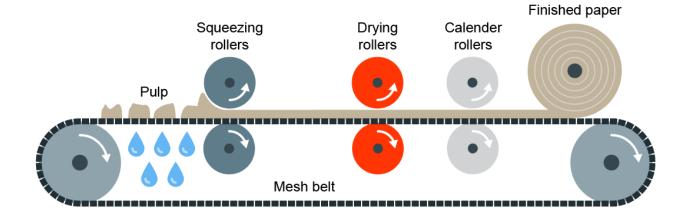
Papers and Boards

Modern Materials are materials that have been developed recently			
Material	Key info	Examples	
Corn- starch Polymers	These are plant-based polymers that are a replacement for plastics that are biodegradable but cannot be recycled.	Plastic bottles, tubs, food containers, etc	
Flexible MDF	Made in the same way as normal MDF but with grooves cut into the surface so it is flexible. Flexiply is the same but for Plywood. These can easily be shaped into curves	Modern furniture, interior walls and room dividers	
Titanium	High strength to weight ratio. Doesn't corrode or rust. Suitable for medical use as its hypo-allergneic	Prosthetics, medical applications, sports cars, etc	
Kevlar	A woven polymer with a high strength to weight ratio.	Bullet-proof vests, tyres, helmets, etc	

Papers and Boards come from trees. The Stock forms for papers are: rolls, sheets, A4, A3, etc		
Material	Key info	Uses/ Examples
Cartridge Paper	Thick white paper, completely opaque and more expensive than photocopy paper	Sketching, ink drawings
Layout Paper	Light, semi-translucent, good for blending inks and artist markers	Sketching, drawing and some tracing
Corrugated Cardboard	Strong but light. Rigid triangles of card sandwiched between a top and bottom layer.	Outer packaging, food packaging
Duplex Board	Light card with white outside layers. Waxy coating can be added	Cheap packaging. If waxy coating is applied, can be used for food
Foil-lined Board	White card coated with a thin aluminium layer. Foil is great for insulation and water resistance	Takeaway containers
Solid White Board	High-quality white card with a smooth finish. Stiff and holds colours well	Greetings cards, packaging and advertising

Smart Materials are materials that change and react to the stimuli			
Material	Key info	Examples	
Thermochro mic Pigments	Change colour in reaction to heat	Kettles, baby bottles, etc	
Photochromi c Pigments	Change colour in reaction to light	Colour changing glasses, windows, etc	
Shape Memory Alloy	Returns to its original shape, in reaction to heat	Braces and glasses	
Polymorph	Granules that once exposed to hot water, become a modelling material (like a dough or clay)	Modelling and repairs	

Primary Processing of Papers and Boards



Paper is made by first making pulp. Pulp is a mix of tree fibres and water. This is cooked and bleached white, and adding any other additives.

The pulp is then drained and goes through **Calendering** where the pulp is drained and goes through rollers to convert it to its stock forms