## **Topic: Pythagoras' Theorem**

Topic/Skill	Definition/Tips	Example
1. Pythagoras'	For any <b>right angled triangle</b> :	Finding a Shorter Side
Theorem	$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$	y 10 subtract!
		8
	b	$a^{2} = c^{2} - b^{2}$ $y^{2} = 100 - 64$
		$v^2 = 36$
	Used to find <b>missing lengths</b> .	v = 6
	a and b are the shorter sides, c is the	
	hypotenuse (longest side).	
2. 3D	Find missing lengths by <b>identifying right</b>	Can a pencil that is 20cm long fit in a
Pythagoras'	angled triangles.	pencil tin with dimensions 12cm, 13cm
Theorem		and 9cm? The pencil tin is in the shape
	You will often have to find a missing	of a cuboid.
	length you are not asked for before finding	Here starress of the hores
	the missing length you are asked for.	Hypotenuse of the base = $\sqrt{100}$
		$\sqrt{12^2 + 13^2} = 17.7$
		Diagonal of cuboid = $\sqrt{17.7^2 + 9^2}$ = 19.8 <i>cm</i>
		No, the pencil cannot fit.