Topic: Basic Number and Decimals

Topic/Skill	Definition/Tips	Example
1. Integer	A whole number that can be positive,	-3, 0, 92
	negative or zero.	
2. Decimal	A number with a decimal point in it. Can be positive or negative.	3.7, 0.94, -24.07
2 Nagativa	A number that is less than zero . Can be	-8, -2.5
3. Negative Number	decimals.	-6, -2.5
4. Addition	To find the total , or sum , of two or more numbers.	3 + 2 + 7 = 12
5.0.1	'add', 'plus', 'sum'	10 0 5
5. Subtraction	To find the difference between two numbers. To find out how many are left when some are taken away. 'minus', 'take away', 'subtract'	10 - 3 = 7
6.	Can be thought of as repeated addition .	$3 \times 6 = 6 + 6 + 6 = 18$
Multiplication		
	'multiply', 'times', 'product'	
7. Division	Splitting into equal parts or groups.	$20 \div 4 = 5$
	The process of calculating the number of	20
	times one number is contained within	$\frac{20}{4} = 5$
	another one.	4
	'divide', 'share'	
8. Remainder	The amount ' left over ' after dividing one integer by another.	The remainder of $20 \div 6$ is 2, because 6 divides into 20 exactly 3 times, with 2 left over.
9. BIDMAS	An acronym for the order you should do calculations in.	$6 + 3 \times 5 = 21, not 45$
	BIDMAS stands for 'Brackets, Indices, Division, Multiplication, Addition and Subtraction'.	$5^2 = 25$, where the 2 is the index/power.
	Indices are also known as 'powers' or 'orders'.	
	With strings of division and multiplication, or strings of addition and subtraction, and no brackets, work from left to right.	$12 \div 4 \div 2 = 1.5, not 6$
10. Recurring Decimal	A decimal number that has digits that repeat forever.	$\frac{1}{3} = 0.333 \dots = 0.\dot{3}$
	The part that repeats is usually shown by placing a dot above the digit that repeats, or	$\frac{1}{7} = 0.142857142857 \dots = 0.\dot{1}4285\dot{7}$

dots over the first and last digit of the repeating pattern.	$\frac{77}{600} = 0.128333 \dots = 0.1283$
repeating pattern.	600